yesterday morning, between a member of the Youndeers and an individual from "Pike Youndeers and an individual from "Pike Youndeers and an individual from "Pike Tok Youndeers and Tok Youndeers ATE AND IMPORTANT FROM SHASTA-LATE AND IMPORTANT FROM SHASTA—

NORTHERDATIONS—THERT INDIANS KILLED.—Mr.

Taylor & Co.'s Express, says The Union, arthird of Taylor & Co.'s Express, says The Union, arthird of County of the Union, arthird of Taylor & Co.'s Express, says The Union, arthird to him for the following news. On Friday last, a

strof Cotton Wood Indians went to McKinney's ranch,

is miles above Reading's, and shole a few blankets,

to miles above Reading's, and shole a few blankets,

to the McKinney went in pursuit, but never returned.—

In McKinney was found with the head decapitated. A party

the match the standard of the control of the cont

From the South-A Week Later. Advices from San Diego and Los Anhave been received, bearing date Feb. 28.

The news conveyed to us by the papers

of no general interest.

A meeting of landholders took place in

A meeting of landholders took place in the Sangeles on the 23d uit, the object of which was to ake immediate steps to secure a session of the Land dommission in that city.

The meeting was very well attended, composed principally of Californians. It was their unanimous opinion, easies The Los Angeles Star of the 28th inst., that if the Government of the United States required them to proceed to San Francisco to have their claims settled, it would diminish the value of their lands at least one third, and it would necessarily result that many just but ancient chains would be lost, owing to the impossibility of carrying all the witnesses there, and the impracticability of supplying the defect by taking testimony by deposition.

The result of their deliberations was, we understand, be determination to address a petition directly to the resident, setting forth the hardship of requiring them o travel 700 miles to appear in a suit wherein they are defendants, and to send an agent on to Washington to lace the memorial in the hands of Mr. Fillmore.

MILITARY.—A detachment of 250 re-

MILITARY.—A detachment of 250 recruits arrived here from New-York in the steamer California last Monday evening. The officers accompanying the command are Major Patten and Lieuts. Bond and Cartis, 2d Infantry, and Assistant Surgeon Miliacu. The ceruits are useigned as follows:

Company I, 1st Artillery, 39, and the balance go to the companies of the 2d Infantry stationed in this district.

A command of 150 soldiers will leave here early next week to join Major Heintzelman, at Camp Yuma. Lieuts.

Sewency, Ogle and Curtis are in charge of the detachment.

Shooting Affair.—Mr. Roy Bean may held to hell on least Tuesday, for shooting a man.

leg, and he was shot winte on his argument previous scapped the pistol at his head. Private difficulty was the cause. Mr. Watkins, who was wounded similarly, and underwent an amputation of his leg, a short time since, is slowly recovering.

Miscellaneous.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES OF PAS-

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES OF PASSENGRAS.—From the 28th of February to the 10th of
March, inclusive, the number of passengers arrived in
8sn Francisco by sea, was 1,424—of whom 1,250 were
men—133 women, and 41 children. The following are
the countries from which they came: From the United
States, via Panama and Cape Horn, 812; France, 173;
Peru, 2; Germany, 3; Chili, 197; China, 99; England,
33; Mexico, 54; Italy, 51.

The departures for the month of March, up to the 14th
inst., amounted to 509—of whom only ten were females.
Of this number 422 left for the United States, via Pansma and Sen Juan. This shows an increase of 915 in
our population in thirteen days. In addition, we are
bourly expecting two of the largest steamers, the Tennessee and North America, with full complements of
passengers. They will, together, probably bring upward of 1,000 persons.

SALE OF THE EVENING PICAYUNE.— SALE OF THE EVENING PICATURE.

The Evening Picayune of San Francisco has been sold under a deed of assignment, at Payne's auction room, it was bought by Mr. Judah, as agent for other parties, for 415, subject to the payment of mortgages amounting to Col. Berzenczei.-Messrs, Case, Hei-

ser & Co., agents for the fine clipper ship Golden Gate have kindly tendered to this distinguished Hungarian a free passage to China on their splendid vessel—a com-pliment gratifying to the Colonel, and worthy of the reputation for liberality and public spirit that house en-

Legislative.—There are two bills of great importance before the Legislature, which in all probability will become laws. One provides for submitting to the people at the next election whether or not a Convention shall be held for amending the Constitution of this State. It is opposed by the Free-Sollers on the ground that the real object of the movement is to make a division of the State, so that slavery may be introduced into the southern part of it. It was passed by the House on the 2d inst., and is now before the Senate. The other is one to enforce contracts, made beyond the State, for the performance of labor within the limits thereof. If this bill should pass, contracts will be immediately made with laborers in China, and a fresh impetus will be given to the development of our mineral resources, and to the improvement of our city. The present high price of labor of every kind ret the growth of our city. [San Francisco Herald,

CHINA.

Burning of Hong Kong. We have the following particulars of the great fire at Hong Kong, in The Tribune of March 3:

The bark Wm. Watson, arrived yesterday, 60 days from Hong Kong, bringing intelligence of a most disastrous conflagration in that city.

Nearly all the city is consumed. Hundreds of lives have been lost. Every newspaper office has been destroyed. The bark brings no files, and we are dependent on the officers of the vessel for the few particulars which we subjoin.

which we subjoin.

The fire occurred on the 26th December, and commenced in the China Bazaar. It spread with fearful rapidity smong the bamboe houses of the Chinese, and soon communicated to the finest part of the city, becom-

son communicated to the finest part of the city, becoming perfectly resistless.

The loss of life among the Chinese was dreadful. The number that perished had not been ascertained. One Colonel of an English regiment lost his life in the attempt to blow up a building and arrest the flames. Also a Licutenant belonging to H. B. M. ship Hastings was killed by the falling timbers of a house which had been shown in A. Surveyers and princer were

killed by the falling timbers of a house which had been blown up. A Sergeant of suppers and miners met a similar site.

The public market was destroyed and much suffering was experienced for a few days after the fire. The Governor and Sir Win. Bowmen had convoked the Council, and among other provisions adopted for the public welfare, was one forbidding the construction of bamboo course. The Chinese houses were to be built of stone, or of the material used in the construction of the Victoriae Roods.

All the printing offices were destroyed, with the finest

All the printing offices were destroyed, with the finest diffees and public buildings in Hong Kong. We have not yet been able to procure further particu-tace of this disaster. [San Francisco Herald, March 5.

FROM THE ISTHMUS.

Panama Railroad.

We have advices from the management We have advices from the management of the Pansma Railroad, authorizing us to state that another section of the road will be opened in less than a month. This will bring the cars up to Agua Salud or King's Station, which are one and the same thing's Station, which are one and the same thing's Station, which are one and the same thing another leap and we shall be brought plump up to the right bank of the Chagres river, five miles and a half by railread, from Gorgona! They are driving the work shead with wonderfull rapidity, and as soon as one station is closed up, the entire force is brought up the river and placed on a new section, either to break asw ground or close up the intervening space between the last and advanced section. There is no firmer or finer road in the world than that extending from about one mile this side of Gatun clear up to the crossing, at San Pablo. With very slight exceptions, it is all on high, dry, solid ground—almost as firm as rock itself [Pansma Herald.

Asplawali-Its Municipal Regulations-The

Aspinwali—Its Municipal Regulations—The Liberality of New-Greunda.

Among the provisions of the charter farantied to the Fanama Railroad Company, by the Rev-Grenadian Government, there is one which grants and secure to them the total and exclusive right to make their own municipal laws and regulations for the City of Aspinwall. This is not only extremely liberal in the New-Grenadian Government, but it is equally beneficial to the interests of the city, in promoting in settlement and growth and in sustaining the proper and judicious sucreise of law and order. Americans cannot fall to reside this step on behalf of their neighbors as a highly averable canen, showing the high confidence which the costracting parties are willing to place in a body of foreigners who have come to occupy their shores and settle upon their lands. Of course, it is understood that all action of a municipal character must alter the proper and being the city and the cantinent of ordinances for that purpose, the exclusive that is guarantied under the charter. Crimes and high and the matter of regulating the city and the cantinent of ordinances for that purpose, the exclusive that is guarantied under the charter. Crimes and high and the matter of every character must still be punishable by the laws of New-Grenada, so that, definitely as the lines are drawn and defined, no collision can possibly occur between the local and the general authorities. We predict, in this respect, the happiest results—for, in a exercise of the civil powers of Aspinwall, when it is comes fully built up and grown into a city of magnitude and importance as it certainly will be, our native population will not fail to perceive and approclate the backty, the harmon, the efficiency of the municipal magnitude and importance as it certainly will be our native population will not fail to perceive and approclate the

MOLASSES AND SYRUP are still on the rise. A good article o

mited, and the price rune low, Our quota-tia. CANDLES.—There is no change to note. Spermare still work 22 40c., and Adams time 25c. 47 lb.

thirds Porter, at 44 \$\phi\$ dozen. Engages 17221 is some \$4.5 \phi\$ hid.

WINES—No less than six vessels have arrived from France, all
with large quantities of Claret, and other French Wines, but it does
not seem to have effected the price, which before was some \$12255 \phi\$
cant, under what it could be laid down here, to cover cost and
cant, under what it could be laid down here, to cover cost and
cant, Common Champagne is in better request at \$25,92.75 \pmi\$
dozen. Common Champagne is in better request at \$25,92.75 \pmi\$
dozen. Common Champagne is scarcity, has resen to \$45,255 \pmi\$ case.
Sauterne and Barsac will not command over \$3,250 \pmi\$4. Fort, Sherry,
and Madeira can still only be sold in retail at our quotations. A vessel
has arrived from Cadis, and, we understand, brings a superior class of
Wines.

lately in an endoard of the property of the pr

BOOTS AND CLOTHING—There has been very little does for some days. Our quotations remain unchanged.

LUMBER—There have been a few arrivals from Oregon, and assorted by the cargo is not worth over \$4072445 per M. From the yard American Clear is selling at \$1002410. Planed \$90724100, and Matched also \$00724100. In large quantities, ex ship, it would be worth \$1072415 per M. less. Three inch Plank cannot be sold at our \$407245. There are no California on hard, and few Foreign. A reality and would be found at any anotal prices.

core 44/6/45.

BRICESA—There are no California on hand, and few Foreign. A ready sale would be found at our quoted prices.

LIME AND CEMENT—The inquiry is very limited from the scarcity of Bricks, otherwise, for the latter there would be a good demand at \$6.57 \frac{1}{2}^{3}\$ III.

METALLS—Very few sales have been effected, and in the absence of any business, our quotations continue the same. There is a parcel of 60 turn Fig. From in the makes which is held for \$60.57 time.

HARDWARLE—The trade, as might be expected, is at present dail. Cast Steel Hose, (crookneeked) are in demand at \$12.47 tox. 6/ and 8/ Cut nails are scarce, and sell a Sc.

SHOT has lowered, and is offered at \$2.47 bag. We have not heard of any sales.

GUNPOLDER—Sporting is worth \$7.5c. \$7 III. Blasting is difficult to quit at \$2.35c.

FOTATOES—Several cargoes have come to hand from Santa Gruz and Bodega—the value has not been quite supported—or, is the present price by the cargo, and 5/5c, in smaller quantates.

DRUGES—The trade is steady. Grosson statements as slightly improved in value. Optum and Quintine have declined. Sarsaparilla is selling at 40c.—a considerable advance on the former quotation.—Other descriptions are in hear request at former quotation.—Other descriptions are in hear request at former quotation.—Other descriptions are in hear request at former quotation.—Other descriptions are also have been made at that figure. Three 47 cent. Stock we quote at \$2.5c.

MONEY MARKET—The coperation for the present value—sorie between from total \$2.5c.

Nata Seven 42 cent. Stock we quote at \$2.5c.

War Loan Bonds may be quoted at \$2.7c.

There is not quite so much doing in Exchange for the steamer, but the rates are about the same. Gold Dust does not arrive from the interior so treely as it has done, but it is to be accounted for in the territe of the present at the steamer of the trained to the same.

March 9, at the residence of Eben Niles, Esq., in San Francisco, by Rev. Albert Williams, Edward Russell Authony, Esq., of Adama & Co.'s Express, to Adalme Augusta Boomer, late of Boston. On the vening of the 1st March, at the First Congregational Church, by Rev. T. Dwight Hunt, John C. Fory to Mrs. Annie Bart-ttt ello Servensen and Company of the Church, by Rev. I. Dwight Hunt, John C. Fory to Hunt, all of San Francisco.
At Stockton, by Rev. Mr. Woods, Mr. John McAime to Miss Ellen
Petry, both of that citr, and formerly of Terms.
On Vwdnesday evening, 3d March, at the house of Thomas Sherry,
Con Vwdnesday evening, 3d March, at the house of Thomas Sherry,
Esq., by Rev. S. H. Willey, Mr. Daniel R. Provost, and Miss Mary A.
Sherry, all of San Francisco.
In Stockton, on Samlay, the 29th February, by Rev. H. Kroh, Mr.
Heary Fracherick, to Miss Sophia M. E. Mauber.
In San Francisco, in the First Congregational Church, on the 10th

In San Francisco, in this Sophia M. E. Mauber.
In San Francisco, in the First Congregational Church, on the 10th March, by Rev. 6. Devight Hunt, Mr. Win, B. May, of Sacramento City, to Mrs. May F. Lukker, of San Francisco.
On the evening of the 7th March, by Rev. Dr. Clarke, at the residence of Mr. C. Heiner, Mr. E. W. Thayer, of Sacramento City, to Miss Julia D. Shaw, late of Lafayette, Ind.

On the evening of March 1, 1822, Mr. William Evens, aged 41 years, formerly of Chester county, Pasta.
In Stockton, Feb. 26, Mr. James McNab, aged 46 years, a native of realend. formerly of Chester county. Pown.

In Stockton, Feb. 26, Mr. James McNab, aged 46 years, a native of Ireland.

In Stockton, Feb. 26, Mr. James McNab, aged 46 years, a native of Ireland.

March 4, in San Francisco, of fever contracted at Panama, Nathaniel Nickerson, of Dorchester, Mass, aged 26 years.

On board chipper ship Northern Light, the 2d day out from Boston,
W. P. N. Hunt; esaman of Salem. He fall from the fore-yard on dock
and was instantly killed. He leaves a wife and one child in Salem.

On the 10th inst., Ann Lawrence, wife of Lawrence Yablorisky,
aged 39 years.
On board the steamer New Orleans, Feb. 23, Mathew Hullerman,
aged 27 years. He was buried at Acquilco.
On the 23d Peb., on board steamer New Orleans, E. J. Murphy, of
Michigan 27th Feb., Capt. H. Lake jumped overboard from the steamer.
On board bark Cabargo, on the passage from Panama, Mrs. Swartz,
Margaret Halligan, A. Montgomery, K. Valtenbury, E. Smith and
S. D. Maron.
On board of the Monumental City, from Panama, Mr. Frederick
Schartzer, of congestion of the brain.
At Massalan, Peb. 16, lease Gordon, of Vermont, aged 29 years.
On Sunday, March 7, at Contra Costa, suddenly, John S. Amiona.

127 Kentucky and thin papers please copy.
In Secramonto City, Feb. 29, Mr. Joseph Fish, aged about 30 years.
The deceased was a deceased by the Hermany, James Shields. 116 ounces of
At Collinator of the Montment of the Public Administrator. When near his end,
then deceased were taken charge of by Judge Carley, who has placed
them in the hands of the Public Administrator. When near his end,
the deceased being asked if he had any communication to make, an
awered.

At Continue, Schart, from ceding mushrooms, two men—John B.
Senmas, and 2d years, on the 11th. The former from Ohio, and the
larger from Woll brow. A Francisco, from Feb. 29 to March 3 — Feb. 29,
Amich and Schareson, 30, Massachusette; Jamos Wall, 18, New York.

PACIFIC SHIPNEWS.

PACIFIC SHIPNEWS.

Port of San Fracisco-Arrived. March 2—Ship Huntress, Soule, 50 days from Yalparaiso, 175 pas-cangers; barks Iron Gers, Galway, 190 days from Bordeaux, via, Yal-paraiso 95 days; William Watson, Ritchie, 60 days from Hongkong, 100 passengers. h 5—Bark Zingari, Town, 143 days from Boston; schr. Spray

pornso 69 days; William Walson, Richen, to days from Roston; Schr. Spray, 160 passengers.

March 3—Bark Zingari, Town, 143 days from Boston; schr. Spray, 166, from Bodags.

March 4—Steamer Monuffectial City, Creaseev, 45 days from Panama and intermediate ports, 600 passengers, 45 females; bark Angusta, (Br.) Barrast, 200 days from London, via. Paulikhand Liandq, 20 passengers, 3 females; sense 7, 3 females, 20 passengers, 45 females; bark Angusta, (Br.) Barrast, 200 days from London, via. Paulikhand Liandq, 20 passengers, 3 females, 20 passengers, 11 days from Panama 18 days, via Acapulco 10 days; 778 pass; 145 females.

March 6—Chipper ship Thomas Watson, Lyle, 111 da, fis. Philadelphia; bring Judeon, (whaling) Shurman, 23 ds, fin. St. Bartholomew's Bay; Young Amales, (Mar.) Wallace, 45 ds, fin. St. Bartholomew's Bay; Toung Amales, (Mar.) Wallace, 45 ds, fin. St. Bartholomew's Bay; Toung Amales, (Mar.) Wallace, 45 ds, fin. St. Bartholomew's Bay; Toung Amales, (Mar.) Wallace, 45 ds, fin. St. Bartholomew's Bay; Toung Amales, (Mar.) Wallace, 3 females, 2 females, 3 females, 4 females, 1 females, 1 females, 3 females, 3 females, 3 females, 4 females, 5 females, 3 females, 3 females, 4 females, 5 females, 3 females, 3 females, 4 females, 5 females, 3 females, 4 females, 5 females, 3 females, 4 females, 5 females, 6 females, 5 females, 6 fema

March 3—Ship Golden Gart, Truoman, Canton; schra, Honolais Parket, (Br.,) Pattle, Virtoria; Josse D. Carr, Allen, Benedia Cy-nosute, Yowler, Pupet's Sowad; Susan Abigal, Deay, Portland; So-phie B., Page, Stockton, March 3—Steemer Soa Bird, Haley, San Diego; bark Salem, (Br.,) Hague, Readed; schra, Diana, (Dutch,) Schop, Valparano; E. A. Sher, Moran, Por R.

XXXIId CONGRESS FIRST SESSION.

SENATE.... WASHINGTON, April 12, 1852. The Senate met at half past 12 o'clock. The CHAIR laid before the Senate a mes-

The CHAIR laid before the Senate a message from the President, inclosing a report from the
Secretary of State, in reply to a resolution of the Senate, transmitting copies of all papers on file in that Deport from the Secretary of the Interior, containing cotain Indian accounts. Also, a report from the same,
transmitting copies of charges filed againt Boundary
Commissioner Bartlett. All referred, and ordered to be

Mr. Underwood corrected a report of his remarks on Friday, in which he was represented as saying that Koseuth was a humbug, when, in fact, he meant that the sympathizers who granted to him "ma-terial aid" were the humbugs.

Mr. Underwood presented the memo rial of Leslie Combs, complaining of the action of Texas with regard to her debts. He made some comments
upon the facts represented by the petitioner.

Mr. Rusk replied, and

Mr. UNDERWOOD rejoined.

Mr. CLARKE made a personal explana tion of a motion he had made some ten days ago under

Harris County, Georgia, calling the attention of Courses to the enormous expenditures of the Government and as one step toward arresting the lavish expenditures of the course of the co and as one step toward arresting any additional aid to the Collins line, if the object be to enter into a mere contest with Great Britain to display finery and gewgaw fancies.

A very large number of petitions against the further extension of Woodworth's patent were pre-

A bill granting the right of way over the public lands in Missouri to a plank road company, was taken up and ordered to be engrossed.

THE PUBLIC PRINTING.

Mr. Borland said that it was known to
the Senate already that the Committee on Printing had
recently taken certain action with regard to the public
printing, but he felt it his duty to report to the Senate,
formally, what has been done. On the Sth of April, the
Joint Committee had adopted the following resolution:
"Resolved, That the Committee enter into a contract with
Messrs. Donaldson & Armstrong, to do so much of the printing ordered by the House of Representatives, for the present
Congress, as may be necessary to remedy any neglect or delay
of the contractor, A. Boyd Hamilton, to execute the work
ordered by this Congress; and also with Messrs. Gideon &
Co., to do so much of the printing ordered by the Senate as
may be necessary for the like purpose; the said contract to
be upon such terms as the Committee and the contractors may
agree upon as shall be just." gree upon as shall be just."
On the 12th of April the Committee adopted the fol

On the 12th of April the Committee adopted the following:

Resolved, That for so much of the Public Printing as may be deemed necessary by the Committee to remedy any neglect on the part of the contractors. Mr. Hamilton, to execute the work ordered by Congress, the persons doing the work under the direction of this Committee be allowed the same price as contained in Mr. Rives' bid for the printing of the XXXIId Congress, provided that in no case shall pay be allowed for double compensation. The Committee also direct Mr. Gorman to consult with Messrs, Donelson & Armstrong and Gideon & Co. to ascertain whether they will or not accept the proposition.

Mr. Borland said that he never doubted but the Committee had power to do what had been done, but he disapproved of the policy of doing it. The Committee by a vote of 4 to 2 had overruled his objec-Committee by a vote of 4 to 2 had overruled his objec-tions. As he could not carry out what was ordered to be executed by the Committee, he asked to be excused from serving on the Committee any longer, and he was excused accordingly.

The Chair, on motion by Mr. Gwin, was

authorised to fill the vacancy.

RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. BADGER, offered a resolution (which

was agreed to) that the Committee on Foreign Relations inquire into the expediency of allowing an outfit to the Commissioner to China.

Mr. Shields offered a resolution (also agreed to) directing an inquiry as to the expediency of increasing the salary of the District Judges of Illinois.

Mr. Bradbury moved that the French Spoliation bill be taken up.

Mr. HUNTER hoped that the bill just returned from the House for the extension of the capital would be taken up, and that the Senate would agree with what the House had done.

Mr. BRADBURY insisted on a vote on his

Mr. Rusk said that he would vote for taking up this bill, not that he would vote for it, but to get rid of it. There were three subjects which he would be glad if the Senate would take up and finally dispose of; these were: Woodworth's Patent, French Spoliation and Intervention. [Laughter.] He hoped the Senate would take some action, and get rid of all of them. Mr. UNDERWOOD wanted action on the

Mr. BRADBURY's motion was then agreed

Mr. Bradbury's motion was then agreed to Yeas, 23; Nays, 19, as follows:

Yeas-Messrs, Badger, Bayard, Bradbury, Clarke, Davis, Dodge of Iowa, Downes, Fish, Hale, Hamlin, James, Jones of Iowa, Mallory, Miller, Norris, Pratt, Rusk, Sebastian, Seward, Smith, Spruance, Sammer, Wade.

Nays-Messrs, Adams, Atchison, Borland, Brodhead, Brooke, Cass, Clemens, Dawsen, Dodge of Wisconsin, Douglass, Felch, Geyer, Gwin, Hunter, King, Mangum, Morton, Underwood, Walker.

The bill is the same as the ones which have in former, wears been considered; an additional

have in former years been considered; an additional section was added, appointing an Attorney to defend the interests of the United States.

Mr. Borland moved to amend the bill

by striking out the words limiting the amount to be paid to five millions. He said he did not believe the United States owed a cent of the money, but if any was to be paid, all that was due ought to be paid.

Mr. Bradbury explained and defended

Mr. Felch commenced a long speech in opposition to the bill and had not concluded when the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The bill appropriating \$500,000 for continuing the work of the two wings of the Capitol came from the Senate with two amendments. One, limiting the architect and Secretary of the Interior in making contracts to the amount appropriated, was concurred in by the House, and the other, paying the workmen for the time they have been idle, was non-concurred in, only 19 voting in its favor.

Mr. Brown (Miss. Loco) asked leave to

MIT. BROWN (MISS. LOCO) asked leave to ontroduce a joint resolution to prevent the joint resolution of 1846, or any other act for procuring the Public Printing, from being so construed as to authorize the Committee on Printing to discharge one contractor and employ another; but in all cases of neglect of duty by the Public Printer, the fact shall be reported to Congress, and the Joint Committee governed by its advice. Objection being made to the introduction, the question was taken on suspending the rules.

The motion was disagreed to—Yeas, 98;

Nay, 60—not being two-thirds majority.

Mr. HAVEN (N. Y., Whig) remarked, as the subject of the Public Printing had excited some attention in the newspapers, and as the House by the vote just taken had manifested a desire to learn something about it, he wished to say that, if they desire to know what has recently been done by the Committee on Public Printing, he was prepared to give the information. Mr. ORR (S. C., Loco) objected, unless

e gentlemsn would allow the resolution to come in. Mr. Polk, (Tenn., Loco)—What is the question before the House!
The Speaker observed that discussion

was not in order, unless by unanimous consent.

Mr. Orr.—I believe there is nothing be-Mr. Haven-I have no desire to give the information as to the printing if the House don't wish to hear it.

Mr. Orr then asked leave to offer a res-

Mr. ORR then asked leave to offer a resolution that the Committee of Ways and Means be instructed to report on Tuesday, the 20th inst, at 12½ o'clock, a bill in the words following, to wit:

[The substance of the bill is, that iron for the construction of all railroads in the States and Territories may be imported free of duty.] Objected to.

Mr. ORR then moved a suspension of the

les, which, however, did not prevail. Yeas 55, Nays 97. Mr. BAYLY (Va., Loco) moved a sus-

and Traders' Institute of New-York. Company.

To encourage medical education, and for pension of the rules to enable Mr. Haven to make a ver-bel report on the subject of the Public Printing.

Dir. Houston (Ala., Loco)—If we are

to have a report at all, it ought to be in writing, so as to have no quibble about it hereafter.

A Voice—That's it! Certainly.

Mr. BAYLT, however, seeing that the motion had caused excitement, withdraw it.

Mr. STANTON (Ohio, Whig) made an ineffectual motion for the suspension of the rules, to enable him to report from the Committee on Roads and Canala, a bill for the construction of a Canal around the Falls of the Ohio, near Louisville.

Mr. Ropping (Pa. Loca) asked leave to

Mr. Robbins (Pa., Loco) asked leave to

introduce a resolution fixing the time for the adjournment of the present session of Congress on Monday, the 5th of July next, at 12 o'clock.

There being objections, the House not only refused to suspend the rules, but denied the yeas and nays.

Mr. McCorkle (Cal., Loco) made an ineffectual effort for the Corkle (Cal., Loco)

meffectual effort for the Committee of Ways and Means to report back the bill to establish a Mint in California. Mr. Gorman (Ind., Loco) gave notice

that as so much anxiety has been manifested to know something about the state of public printing, that he will something about the state of public particles are port to-morrow.

It is understood that the Joint Committee are more found for the state of the sta tee on Printing have thrown Mr. Hamilton overboard, and have employed *The Republic* establishment to do the work of the Senate, and *The Union* that of the House.

Mr. SMITH, (Ala., Loco) moved a sus-Mr. SMITH, (Ala., Loco) moved a suspension of the rules of the House in order to enable him to introduce the following resolution, namely:

Revierd, That it is inexpedient and unnecessary to print the Census Report on the plan as presented by the Secretary of the Interior, and that with a view to economy and public souvenience, a Committee of three be appointed whose dufy it shall be to inquire into the expediency of so condensing and arranging the said Census Report that the same may be embraced in one volume, and to bring in a plan of condensation and a bill to carry out the same.

Objection being made, he moved a suspension of the rules.

Mr. STANLY (N. C., Whig)-If we adourn now will this resolution come up to-morrow or on next Monday.

The SPEAKER—The question will be de-

ded when it arises.

Mr. STANLY—Then to save time, Motion negatived.

The House then refused to suspend the rules. Yeas 78; Nays 77. Not two-thirds.

Mr. Hibbard said that there are important bilk on the Speaker's table; some of them had been there for more than two months. The delay of public business was getting to be a great reproach to legislation, and therefore he moved to dispose of such as should not give rise to debate.

The House refused to suspend the rules,

and not being disposed to transact business, adjourned at 2½ o'clock.

NEW-YORK LEGISLATURE.

SENATE ... ALBANY, April 12, 1852. Pending the reception of messages from

Mr. BRISTOL moved to lay the order on the table, to ascertain the views of the Senate in reference to the Canal bill. The motion prevailed as follows:

Aves-Messrs Bahcock, Besch, Beekman, Bristol, Clark,
Huntington, Kirby, McElwain, Morgan, Munroe, Otis, Plats,
Snow, Tabor, Upham, Van Schoonhoven, Williams, and Wright—18.

NAYS—Mesers. Bartlett, Bennett, Conger, Cooley, Cornell,
Davenport, Jones, McMurray, Pierce, Rogers, Smith, Vanderbilt, Ward—13.

The order of petitions being amended, Mr. BRISTOL moved to lay it on the

Mr. VANDERBILT hoped no course would be taken to delay the business of the Legislature. He had intended to ask unanimous consent to introduce a resolution assigning this afternoon for the consideration Mr. BRISTOL consented to withdraw his

Mr. Cornell suggested that if the reg-

ular business was permitted to go on the bill would be reached to-morrow morning.

Mr. BABCOCK objected to this mode of laying all business aside to reach the Canal bill. He did not like the movement. After further debate, Mr. Vanderbilt

Mr. PIERCE objected. Mr. Cooley hoped the objection would e withdrawn; which was done, and Mr. Vanderbil's polution was offered

Mr. WRIGHT moved to add: "and to be ontinued until disposed of."

A debate ensued, when Mr. Tabor got he floor, intending to move to lay the resolution on the able; but he gave way to

Mr. Platt, who, in allusion to what had

fallen from Mr. Babcock, said he was apprehensive he would not vote for the bill.

Mr. Babcock responded that he had seen no reason to change the ground that he had always tak-en, not to declare in advance the course he would

that the bill be made the special order for Wednesday at 10 o'clock, and that at noon on Thursday the bill be read a third time.
On this also, a warm and lengthy debate

occurred, which continued till 2 o'clock, when the Senate took a recess till 4 o'clock.

Afternoon Session.

Afternoon Session.

Mr. McMurray resumed the floor upon the reassembling of the Senate, speaking until 5 o'clock. The question then recurring upon the amendment to the original resolution of Mr. Vanderbilt by Mr. Babcock, the vote was taken, and resulted in the negative—Ayes 8; Nays 19.

Mr. Cornell stated that, as the Senator from the Thirty-first, (Mr. Babcock,) the mover of the amendment, was absent from his seat, and undoubtedly desired to be put upon the record, he would move a reconsideration of the vote. Upon this motion he proceeded to address the Senate upon the Canal question generally, and upon political topics connected therewith.—Mr. Cornell concluded at 6% o'clock.

Mr. Pierce movee to take a recess until

Mr. Pierce movee to take a recess until

7 o'clock. Lost-Ayes, 5; Nays, 15.

The question on reconsideration was then taken up and lost—Ayes, 4; Nays, 13.

The question then recurred upon the

amendment of Mr. Wright, that the consideration of the bill be continued until finally disposed of. Mr. Cornell moved, as a substitute for the original resolution of Mr. Vanderbilt, that the Ju-diciary Committee be instructed to forthwith report the Anti-Kent Stay bill.

Mr. VAN SCHOONHOVEN objected to the abstitute, as being out of order.
The CHAIR decided that the substitute was not in order.

Mr. BRISTOL moved as a substitute, that

the Committee of the Whole be discharged from the consideration of the bill; that it be ordered to a third reading, and have its third reading at once.

The CHAIR decided that this substitute

Mr. Pierce then moved to amend the amendment of Mr. Wright, that the bill be made the special order for each day at 4 o'clock.

Mr. Conger briefly addressed the Chair

n advocacy of the last proposition.

Mr. Wright then withdrew his motion to amend, and Mr. Baiston renewed his motion to dis-charge the Committee of the Whole, &c.

The Chair decided it out of order, either

as an amendment or a substitute, as it was in direct op-position to the rules. The Senate might as well abolish Mr. Bristor then appealed from the decision of the Chair, and
Mr. Cornell took the floor to discuss

the appeal.

The debate on the Canall bill still con-The decision of the Chair, on Mr. Baisrol's appeal, was reversed, Ayes 15, Nays 10.

Special Dispatch. SENATE....Tuesday, April 12, 1852. Mr, CONGER is still speaking on the Caal bill. There is an evident determination on the part of the majority to pass it before rising.— Whether it will or not is doubtful.

Mr. Cooley is preparing for a long speech to follow Mr. Conger.

The Senate sent down the bill to authorize the Governor to designate coursel in the cases now pending before the Court of Appeals.

The bill was read and passed by a vote of 80 to 6.
The Joint Resolutions of the Senate in relation to the Public Lands were received, and laid over.

Appropriating \$10,000 to clear the ob-Relative to the Merchants, Mechanics To incorporate the Aspinwall Water

To preserve the purity of elections.

To authorize the levying a tax on the town of West Farms to build engine house.

To encourage medical education, and for the better security of cemeteries and burying grounds.

To authorize the Pennsylvania Coal Company to hold 250 acres of land in this State, and to proceedute their business in this State in the same manner as if incorporated in this State.

Mr. Cudderack moved to recommit, with instructions to strike cert the first section.

th instructions to strike out the first section.

This motion was discussed at length and

In the state of the lad upon the table.

Making compensation to the St. Regis Tribe of Indians for two Islands belonging to them in the river St. Lawrence, which have been sold by the

Making appropriations for the support of Normal Schools. [Appropriates \$6,000 for the Normal School, and provides for the establishment of another west of the meridian of Utics, and appropriates

\$6,000 therefor.]
After discussion, the bill, with the whole subject was laid on the table, and the Assembly took a recess till 4 o'clock.

Afternoon Session.

On re-assembling, the Assembly resumed

the third reading of bills, and the following among others were passed: To authorize the American Bible Society to hold real estate; to provide for a speedy investigation of fires in the City of New-York; to incorporate the Trustees of the German Mission and Congregation of the City of Buffalo.

Mr. VANSANTVOORD moved a reconside-

ration, on the ground that there was a general law to incorporate churches and religious societies; and that therefore, this bill is unconstitutional. Loss—yeas, 31; nays, 40. Recess.

To amend the Act for the protection of

nigrants arriving in the State, Mr. J. Rose moved to recommit the bill with instructions to strike out the first section—he referred to the powers of the Commissioners of Emigration, and said it was notorious that the citizens of New-York were now watching very closely the action of these Commissioners and the abuses they practice.

Mr. Brown followed and alluded to the

asked for protection from the weather and starvation.

the question was further discussed and the bill passed.

Mr. Underwood moved to take up the

bill to increase the Common School Fund and provide for a more free education. The bill provides for the so-called Chancey fund and unclaimed Savings Bank De-posits being applied to educational purposes. The bill was taken up and opposed by r. MUNBOR and others.

It was advocated by Mr. Walsh and

Adjourned at 10 1-4, before taking any

The Southern Mail—Loss of the Bark Sarah Hand—Miscellaneous Items. BALTIMORE, Monday, April 12, 1852.

The Southern Mail as late as due has arrived.

The ship Memphis arrived at New-Orleans, reports the total loss of the bark Sarah Hand on Sandy Keys, bound to New-York with a cargo of sugar and mollasses. All the cargo was lost except 300 boxes of sugar.

The Vickshurg Whip reports another transfer in Market Sarah Hand on Sandy Keys, bound to New-York with a cargo to sugar and mollasses.

the cargo was lost except 300 boxes of sugar.

The Vicksburg Whig reports another tragedy in Mississippi; a man named William McKay being shot by his step-sons. The mother of the murderers was witness of the deed.

A fire occurred at Richmond, Va., yesterday, consuming an extensive tobacco factory.

Rasch, the unfortunate German who was shot last night, is still alive, notwithstanding the general report which prevailed of his immediate death. He has three balls in his head, and it is thought cannot possibly survive.

vive.

The Baltimore City Council to-day adopted a petition

Great Fire at Savannah—Immense Destruction of Cotton—Less \$300,000.

Savannah, April 11, 1852.

A fire was discovered at 2 o'clock this (Sunday) morning in Lamar's Cotton-press Sheds, and the wind being high the flames spread with great rapidity.

Lamar's warehouse contained several presses, and from 4,000 to 5,000 bales of Cotton, which were entirely consumed. The ships "Jane Hammond" and Isabella were aground at the wharf and could not be removed—the former was nearly consumed, with a large quantity of Cotton on board. The Isabella also sustained much injury. Lamar's shed and presses cost \$50,000. Insured only for \$20,000.

Mesers, Allen and Ball lost 1,000 bales of cotton. Insured. G. W. Garland & Co. lost 800 bales. Mesers. E. Molyneux, A. Low & Co., Wm. Battersby, and seven other firms, lost different quantities of cotton. They were all insured.

Lamar's goods and papers, in an iron safe, were entirely destroyed. He also lost a horse, valued at \$1,500. The total loss is estimated at \$300,000.

Ohio.

CINCINNATI, Monday, April 12, 1852.

The resolution passed by the State Senate on Saturday to loan the arms of the State to Kossuth, was taken up in the House this morning, and laid on the table by a vote of 44 to 28. The Proposed Loan of Arms to Kossuth by

Printers' Strike at Harrisburg. HARRISBURG, Monday, April 12, 1852. The Journeymen Printers of Harrisburg are on

strike to obtain a "living compensation," and the Printers in other cities to sustain them. Court of Appeals-The Canals. ALBANY, Monday, April 12, 1852.

In the mandamus case, Mr. Foot, who has been designated by the Governor to appear on behalf of the State, moved to postpone the argument to Wednesday.

The Court refused, but put down the case for to-more movements.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, April 12, 1852.

A man named Washington Hall, while painting a new store on Water-st this atternoon, fell from the fifth story, owing to a rope giving way. Both his legs were broken and he was otherwise injured.

Lake Navigation.

It rained at Eric yesterday, but the Lake is not sufficiently clear to admit of the departure of the steamers Ocean, Baltic, Morton and Queen City. Forgery Case. BALTIMORE, Monday, April 12, 1852.

A merchaut formerly of high standing, and recently a member of the City Council, has been detected in a forgery to the amount of \$1,400 and has decamped.

Court of Appeals. ALBANY, Monday, April 12, 1852.

No. 127. Mead responded against York, appellant.
Submitted upon printed arguments and points.

No. 60. Stevens, appellant, against Reynolds, respondent. Argued.

No. 112. Disoway, Administrator, &c., appellant, against Carroll, Esq., &c., respondent. Argued.

There was no afternoon session.

Washington, Monday, April 12, 1852.

Captain Naglee's second trial resulted to-day in his conviction, for obtaining money from the Treasury on false vouchers. He has been committed but not sentenced. General McCalla, Naglees's Counsel, moved for a new trial. Conviction of Capt. Naglee.

Markets....Reported by Telegraph.

BALTIMORE, Monday, April 12, 1852.

Sales were made to-day of 450 BERVES at \$4.084 75 on the hoof, equal to \$8.089, net. Hogs sold at \$7.50

CITY ITEMS.

The Board of Aldermen did nothing especially important last night. THE HOSPITAL .- A gentleman who was

concerned in the assistance of the persons injured in the explosion at the sugar refinery yesterday, complains that much delay occurred at the Hospital gates before the wounded men could be got in; that as much as a quarter of an hour elapsed after arrival before one of the men was taken into the house. CONSCIENCE APPEASED .- Shepherd

ceipt of a letter signed "Contrite," inclosing one hun-dred and fifty dollars, which the writer says belongs to the City, and which, he wrongfully appropriated. The The Thirteenth Annual Exhibition of the Mechanics' Institute School will take place this

Knapp, Chamberlain of this City, acknowledges the re-

evening, at the Tabernacle. The American Geographical and Statistical Society have a meeting at the New-York Uni-

Accident.-Two horses attached to pleasure wagon, on Sunday evening, ran away while in Thirtieth-st, and threw the driver with great violence to the ground, seriously injuring him. The team ran against a wagon containing two gentlemen and a ledy, who were thrown out, but escaped with slight injury. The horses were finally caught and taken to a livery stable in Twenty-eighth-st, near Eighth-av.

The examination in the case of Hirsm Hutchinson, President of the Newark India Rubber Manufacturing Co., who is charged with perjury, was resumed yesterday afternoon. The cross-examination of Mr. Oliver S. Halstead, the complainant, was resumed and concluded, when the matter was further adjourned.

pEATH BY DROWNING.—The Coroner yesterday held an inquest at No. 25 West-st. upon the body of John Bathisto, a native of France, 50 years of age, whose body was found in the deck at pier No. 4, N. R., yesterday morning. The deceased, about three months ago, while working upon the dock at the above named pier, fell overboard, and was drowned before aid could be extended to him. Verdict, death by deceasing.

DEATH AT A STATION-HOUSE.—A poormsn, named Wm. Malcom, died at 4 o'clock P.M. on Sunday, at the Fourteenth Ward Station-House, which he entered in the morning, being sick and destitute.

About 9 o'clock yesterday morning, the body of an infant was found inclosed in a box, at the corner of Broadway and Twenty-seventh the Coroner was notified to hold an Inquest.

seuses, Caroline Rousset and her three sisters, com-mence an engagement in the grand ballet of "Le Diable à Quatre." Doubless they will attract a series of simi-lar crowded saloons such as honored their last repre-sentations at this establishment. A most brilliant recep-tion certainly will greet their debus.

HARLEM PROPERTY.—The valuable estate at Harlem, known as the "Milledoler Property," to to be sold at the Merchants' Exchange, by Mr. A. J. Bleecker, on Wednesday next, 14th inst. This is the first large parcel in original hands that has been offered at suction in that vicinity for many years, and a new impulse will doubtless be given to this beautiful portion of our City, which has too long been overlooked by our manufacturers and ship-builders. The fine soil of Harlem, rendering all grading unnecessary, and the facilities for opening streets without expense, point to this magnificent plain as the most suitable location for all sorts of manufacturing purposes. The large front on the River, the depth of water, and the easy slope of the shore, render this section of the island decidedly the most suitable place unappropriated about the densely populated parts of the met-ropolis, for the construction of ship-pards, coal and lumber yards, and depots for the various articles of trade required by this great market. The cheapness of travel by railroad, and the certainty of frequent steamboat communication with the lower parts of the city the ensuing summer, offer facilities for the working and laboring classes wishing to settle themselves in New York at moderate rents, to a much greater extent in Harlem than in any other place on this island.

[Advertisement.]

A Boot and Shoe Store having fallen below its value, including stock, fixtures, good will and privilege of lease; situated in one of the thoroughfares in the lower part of the City, near several Hotels and the Jersey City Ferry. It is one of the best stands in the City for the retail trade. Price about \$1,500. Apply on the premises, No. 41 Courtlandt-st, in the basement.

COMMERCIAL MATTERS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange APRIL 12.

MONDAY, April 12-P.M.

tinues with a general upward tendency. For a raing Monday, the market was unusually strong. There was a large demand for nearly all the Fancies at full prices. Harlem was very firm and sold up to 75%, closing at firm and closed at 89% after the Second Board, an improvement of % P cent. Morris improved % Stonington was buoyant, 57 being offered at the Second Board. Canton was firm at Saturday's prices. Zinc was firm, selling at 13%, seller sixty. Reading sold 500 shares at 75 after the Second Board, an improvement of 34 are cent. Norwich was firm. Hudson River was lower and sold at 65. The greatest change was in Nicaragua which sold down to 42, a decline of 5 P cent. Eric Convert ibles show a further advance and were in large demand. Those of 1862 sold at 97, buyer sixty. Hudson Bonds advanced 1/2 P cent. State and Government Stocks are buoyant. Indiana Canal preferred 5s sold at 45, an advance of 21/2 P cent. on the last sale. The State 5s proved 1/4 P cent. There is a good demand for Gov-

but rates have further declined. Leading bankers' signstures sold at 94, and good names were plenty at 84, 9 \$\psi\$ cent. Francs 5.25\pi_5.20. The supply of bills is

Freights are not active, and without change in rates. To Liverpool 500 bales Cotton, 7-32L; Flour, 15d.; 30,000 bushels Grain, 3% 24%d, the latter bagged by the ship; 200 or 300 bbls. Resin, 1/. Dead Weight, 15/. To London there is but little doing. For Havre some Cotton was taken at 4gc. The rates are easier for Continental ports. A Deal freight was made from St. Johns to Hull at £4, for a British ves-

ury is \$65,098; paid, \$24,718; balance, \$3,514,660. There is an active demand for the high-

mand was felt. The principal consumption of our Bonds is on the Continent. There is no change in Money. The sup-

ply is in excess of the demand, and promises to become still more so. The great influx of foreign capital, com-[Contract on Layer Page

DEATH BY DROWNING .- The Coros

NIBLO'S .- To-night those beautiful dan-

\$5,000 Erie Con. Bds., 71. 952 43 Metropolitan Bank. 1072 10,000 do., 62. 569 37 50 Erie R.R. 510,000 do., 62. 569 37 50 Erie R.R. 510,000 do., 62. 569 37 50 Erie R.R. 510,000 Erie Inc. Bds. 972 15 do. 882 150 Ports. D. Dock. 74 66 do. 89 150 Ports. D. Dock. 74 66 do. 89 200 Morris Causai 19 25 do. 89 200 do. 500 19 100 do. 53. 89 200 do. 500 do. 19 100 Harlem R.R. 559, 75 do. 45 100 do. 550, 76 25 Nicar. Transit Co. 43 150 do. 560, 76 25 Nicar. Transit Co. 43 150 do. 560, 76 25 Sicar. Transit Co. 43 150 do. 560, 76 25 do. 42 100 do. 560, 76 25 do. 42 100 do. 560, 76 25 do. 560, 76 36 42 100 do. 560, 76 36 45 SECOND BOARD.

PHILADELPHIA SALES OF STOCKS, Monday, April 12.—First Board—\$4,943 State 5s, 46; \$200 do., 97k; 15 Mech. Bk., 30%; \$500 Reading R. R. Mort. 6s, 53, 85(s); \$4,900 do., 944, 86k; \$200 Reading R. R., 37k; 500 do., 37k; \$450 behigh 6s, 91; 16 Penn. Bk., 116k; \$400 Long Island R. R., 11k; 76 Penn. B. R., 44k; \$200 Morris Canal, 19k; 19 Com. Bk., 60; \$45,00 Sch. Rav. 6s, 6s, 49k; \$1,200 do., 49k; \$4,000 do., 51k; \$1,000 Com. and Amb. H. R. 6s, 70, 95; \$1,250 Wilmington R. R. 6s, 70, 95k; 30 Lebigh Sav., 38.

Second Board—30 Sch. Bk., 15k; 15 Penn. R. R., 44k; 150 Sch. Nav., 13k; 38 N. O. Gas, 112; 105 Vicksburg R. R., 44k; 150 Sch. Rav., 15k; 38 N. O. Gas, 112; 105 Vicksburg R. R., 15k; 105 Read. R. R., 57k; 30 Norristown R. R., 38k;

The activity in the Stock market con-

ernment Stocks at full rates. In Sterling the activity is much greater,

sel. For California clippers are getting 50:260c.

The amount received at the Sub-Treas-

There is an active demand for the high-est class of Railroad Bonds for foreign account, and rates are advancing. Great circumspection is used in select-ing Bonds, as none but those recommended by the best houses here and in Europe can find sale on the other side. For second class Bonds there is no better market in New-York than there was before the European de-